**Insights :**

1. Age of students distribution :

* There are 50% of students (2 students) are 14 years old of the total students : 4
* There are 25% of students (1 student) are 15 years old of the total students : 4
* There are 25% of students (1 student) are 16 years old of the total students : 4

14 year old students being the most numerous.

1. Summary statistical of the age of students :

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Count** | **Mean** | **Standard**  **Deviation** | **Min** | **Quartile 1 (Q1)** | **Quartile 2 (Q2)** | **Quartile 3 (Q3)** | **Max** |
| Age | 4.00 | 14.75 | 0.96 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 15.25 | 16.00 |

Total students are 4.

The minimum age is 14 years.

The average age of students is 14.75

The maximum age is 16 years, that is the oldest student with the name marquee.

The age standard deviation is 0.96

1. Distribution of students :

* There are 75% of students are Middle School, that is as much as 3 students.
* There are 25% of students are High School, that is as much as 1 student.

We can see that the majority of students are Middle School students.

1. Distribution of classroom :

* There are 50% of students are in classroom 123, that is as much as 2 students.
* There are 25% of students are in classroom 234, that is as much as 1 student.
* There are 25% of students are have no classroom, that is as much as 1 student.

The classroom with the most students is classroom 123.

1. There is no data of students who are under 13 years old, so there are only 2 groups of students based on age, namely Middle School and High School. There is no group for Elementary School.

Grouping students based on age will be wrong if there is data of students who are under 13 years.

1. And there will be some exceptions for grouping students based on age as follows :

* There are several cases of students entering school earlier than the supposed age limit, so that the minimum age limit for the student category cannot be applied.

Example: A student who enters school earlier than the age limit, so that at the age of 14 or 15 years they have entered High School.

If categorized by age, those students will be categorized into Middle School.

* There are several students who experience accelerated classes, so that the minimum age limit for the student category cannot be applied.

Example: Students who experience accelerated classes during Middle School, so that they graduate at the age of 15 and enter the High School category.

If categorized by age, the student will still be enrolled in Middle School.

* Likewise for the opposite case, students who are late entering school or ever failing a grade, so that the maximum age limit for the student category also cannot be applied.

1. In one classroom there can be students of different ages and in a classroom they're all likely to be more or less the same age.

**Questions :**

1. What are the factors that cause students not to have classrooms?

Because every student must have a classroom.

Is it possible that the student is on school leave or something like that?

1. What if there is data of students who are under 13 years old, this data will be included in the Middle School group?
2. What about the student group based on age if there is an exception case for students who experience accelerated classes or enter school earlier than the required minimum age?

Likewise for the opposite case, students who are late entering to school or ever failing a grade, so that the maximum age limit for the student category cannot be applied.

**Recommendations :**

* The student group should be inputted by the user with the default state based on the age group (minimum & maximum supposed age limit), not determined through coding based on age.
* And a warning/alert message appears if the minimum or maximum age limit for a student is not within the supposed age limit for the student group, and we can add an input field for the description of the exception case.